JPMORGAN CHINA REGION FUND, INC.

Annual Report December 31, 2016





This report, including the financial statements herein, is sent to the stockholders of the Fund for their information. It is not a prospectus, circular or representation intended for use in the purchase or sale of shares of the Fund or of any securities mentioned in this report.

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JPMorgan China Region Fund, Inc. (the 'Fund') seeks to achieve long-term capital appreciation through investments primarily in equity securities of companies with substantial assets in, or revenues derived from, the People's Republic of China ('China'), Hong Kong, Taiwan and Macau — collectively, the 'China Region'.

STRATEGY

The Fund provides investors with an opportunity to participate in the economic growth of the China Region where the economies of China, Hong Kong, Taiwan and Macau have become increasingly linked over recent years. Hong Kong enterprises have made substantial investments in China, particularly where labor and land prices are lower than in Hong Kong. Similarly, many Chinese companies have Hong Kong based subsidiaries with securities listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (H-shares). The Fund may directly invest up to an aggregate of \$20m, as measured at the time of the original investment, to acquire Renminbi denominated China A-shares. In addition, the Fund can make indirect China A-share investments up to 10% of the Fund's total assets through exposure to China A-share investment companies. Further details on China A-shares are provided in note 7(iii) of the Notes to Financial Statements on page 26.

The Fund invests to take advantage of the many opportunities that result from this linkage among the markets of the China Region.

JF International Management Inc. ('JFIMI') is the investment management company appointed to advise and manage the Fund's portfolio (the 'Investment Advisor'). JFIMI is part of JPMorgan Chase & Co. ('JPMC'), one of the world's premier financial services institutions. In asset management, JPMC operates globally under the name of J.P. Morgan Asset Management ('JPMAM'). Funds under management for the global asset management business of JPMAM were US\$1.8 trillion as of December 31, 2016.

The Fund's lead portfolio manager is Emerson Yip, a Senior Portfolio Manager within JPMAM's Greater China investment team in Hong Kong.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

This report contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking statements include statements regarding the goals. beliefs, plans or current expectations of the Fund and JFIMI and their respective representatives, taking into account the information currently available to them. Forward-looking statements include all statements that do not relate solely to current or historical fact. For example, forward-looking statements include the use of words such as 'anticipate,' 'estimate,' 'intend,' 'expect,' 'believe,' 'plan,' 'may,' 'should,' 'would,' or other words that convey uncertainty of future events or outcomes. Forwardlooking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Fund to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Factors that could materially and negatively affect the results, performance or achievements of the Fund include changes in economic, political, legal and regulatory conditions in the China Region and elsewhere, changes in interest and exchange rates and related policies and other risks. When evaluating the information included in this report, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forwardlooking statements, which reflect the judgment of the Fund, JFIMI or its respective representatives only as of the date hereof. The Fund, JFIMI and their respective representatives undertake no obligation to publicly revise or update these forward-looking statements to reflect events and circumstances that arise after the date hereof.

MARKET INFORMATION

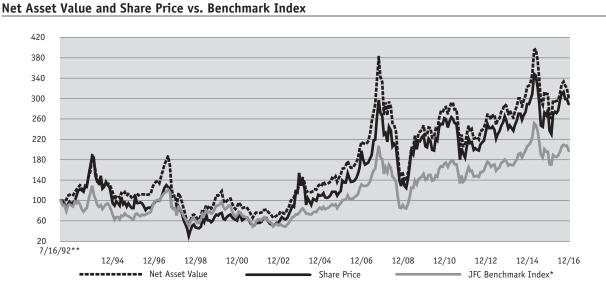
The Fund is listed on the New York Stock Exchange (symbol JFC). The share price is published in

• The Wall Street Journal (daily online at www.WSJ.com/Free)

The estimated net asset value is published in

- The Wall Street Journal under "Closed-End Funds" (every Saturday)
- www.jpmchinaregionfund.com

	DECEMBER 31, 2016 US\$ (Audited)	DECEMBER 31, 2015 US\$ (Audited)
Net Assets	\$108.9 million	\$113.2 million
Net Asset Value Per Share	\$16.89	\$17.55
Market Data		
Share Price on the New York Stock Exchange	\$15.58	\$15.32
Discount to Net Asset Value	7.8%	12.7%
Total Return for the Year Ended December 31, 2016 Net Asset Value Share Price	(1.9)% 3.8%	
JFC Benchmark Index*	1.1%	
	0.00/	
MSCI Hong Kong	2.3%	
MSCI Hong Kong MSCI China	2.3% 1.1%	
5 5		



^{*} JFC Benchmark Index: 80% MSCI Golden Dragon Index (Net) 20% CSI 300 Index (Net). Prior to October 1, 2013, 80% MSCI Golden Dragon Index (GDR) +20% CSI 300 Index (Total). Prior to April 13, 2012, the MSCI Golden Dragon Index (Total). At December 31, 2011 the MSCI Golden Dragon Index (Total) comprised 24.1% of the MSCI Hong Kong Index (Total), 42.7% of the MSCI China Index (Total) and 33.2% of the MSCI Taiwan Index (Total). Prior to March 2001, 25% Taiwan Weighted Index, 20% BNP Paribas China Index, 50% MSCI Hong Kong, 5% HSBC; Prior to March 1999, 60% Hong Kong All Ordinaries, 30% Credit Lyonnais Securities Asia All China B Index, 10% Taiwan Weighted Index. Prior to January 1997, Peregrine Greater China Index.

^{**} Commencement of operations. Source: J.P. Morgan Asset Management.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

DECEMBER 31, 2016 (Unaudited)

Dear Fellow Stockholder

Performance

In the year to December 31, 2016, the Fund's total return on net asset value ('NAV') was -1.9% compared with our benchmark¹, which rose by 1.1%. Over the same period, the Fund's share price total return was +3.8%, reflecting a narrowing of the discount at which the share trades to its NAV from 12.7% to 7.8%.

Proposal for Liquidation

On February 16, 2017 the Board of Directors of the Fund announced its decision to submit a proposal to liquidate the Fund to a vote of all stockholders at the Fund's next Annual Meeting of Stockholders. which is scheduled to be held on May 11, 2017. If stockholders approve the proposal, proceeds will be paid to them pursuant to a plan of liquidation. Repatriation of proceeds attributable to the Fund's investments in China A-shares will be subject to certain conditions including clearance from the People's Republic of China tax authorities and upon the approval of Chinese State Administration of Foreign Exchange ('SAFE'). Such proceeds will be distributed to stockholders upon such approval being granted. Further information regarding the liquidation proposal will be included in the proxy materials that will be mailed to stockholders in advance of the stockholders meeting.

China A-shares

As previously reported, the Fund has \$20 million of China A-share quota which provides exposure to a market otherwise restricted to foreign investors.

This serves as a differentiating factor for the Fund when compared to its peer group of other New York listed Greater China region closed ended funds. As at December 31, 2016, the Fund held 19.3% of its total assets in China A-share investments.

Leverage

The Fund's \$22 million credit facility with Scotiabank (Ireland) Ltd ('Scotiabank') matured on February 24, 2017. The Board extended the existing gearing facility with Scotiabank until the earlier of either July 31, 2017 or 60 days following an affirmative liquidation vote. This financing arrangement with Scotiabank gives the Investment Advisor the flexibility to tactically manage borrowed monies at its discretion under the scrutiny of your Board. During the year to December 31, 2016, the Fund's leverage² ranged from 4.3% to 10.3% and at the time of writing is 7.2%, reflecting the Investment Advisor's positive view on the market. The Investment Advisor does not receive a management fee on any cash held when borrowings are drawn under the leverage facility.

Share Repurchases and Discount Management

Your Board currently has authority to repurchase up to 644,764 shares (equal to 10% of the Fund's issued share capital). Although there have been no share repurchases since January 2003, your Board continues to believe that the power to repurchase shares is of ongoing benefit to shareholders. Share repurchases are a useful tool for decreasing discount volatility and this approach will be used when considered to be appropriate by the Board.

The Board has established a Share Repurchase Committee, consisting of two directors, with the objective to consider from time-to-time whether the Fund's share repurchase policy should be revoked or amended and take action or make recommendations as it sees fit. Discussions of this Committee will be

For more information please refer to the Fund's website at www.jpmchinaregionfund.com

JFC Benchmark Index: 80% MSCI Golden Dragon Index (Net) 20% CSI 300 Index (Net).

² Calculated as the sum of Total Investments less Net Assets divided by Net Assets.

recorded and reported in the Fund's Proxy Statement each year which will give shareholders greater transparency on the frequency of discussions on the Fund's discount to NAV and demonstrate that the Board was proactive in monitoring the Fund's discount outside of its regular quarterly meetings.

Board Succession

The Board, through its Nomination Committee, considered succession planning and noted that the term of Mr Julian Reid will expire at the 2017 Annual Stockholder Meeting. The Committee recommended to the Board the election of Mr Reid to serve for a term expiring on the date on which the Meeting is held in 2020, or until a successor is elected and qualified, or when the Fund is liquidated.

Outlook

The Investment Advisor believes the Chinese government has demonstrated that it has enough policy tools available to maintain a stable growth environment whilst it pushes forward with further reforms. It also believes that market sentiment will be dominated by potential trade frictions between

the US and China arising from the seemingly more aggressive President Trump administration, which would have a direct impact on exporters and an indirect impact on many other Hong Kong equities. As such, our Investment Advisor anticipates a further tightening of financial conditions in China.

The Investment Advisor believes that the low interest rate environment should continue to provide ample liquidity to Taiwan's equity market. However, the Trump presidency has increased the uncertainty for export-dependent Taiwan. Amid macroeconomic uncertainty and rising interest rates, the Investment Advisor believes that the Taiwanese market should be supported by a better GDP and corporate earnings growth outlook in 2017.

Against this backdrop, our Investment Advisor remains focused on companies with long-term secular growth opportunities.

Respectfully submitted

The Rt. Hon. The Earl of Cromer Chairman

February 27, 2017

INVESTMENT ADVISOR'S REPORT

For the 12-months ending December 2016, the Fund delivered a total return on net assets of -1.9% (in USD terms), underperforming the benchmark return of +1.1%.

Stock selection was positive in all markets, except Hong Kong. Meanwhile, country allocation detracted from returns, driven by our underweight in Taiwan and overweight in China A-shares, as the former significantly outperformed the latter during this period. The average 7% gearing level also hurt returns as cash outperformed most of the equity markets.

Stock selection in technology, particularly in Taiwan, continued to be a top contributor. Positions in select Apple supply chain companies worked well. Positive outlook for specification upgrades should continue to drive demand for dual camera lens, with Largan Precision as a key beneficiary. AAC Technologies remains well-positioned for the strong upgrade cycle in acoustics. Our semiconductor overweights also helped returns. Silicon Motion Technology, the fabless semiconductor company, added value and should further gain from Solid State Drive (SSD) adoption in PCs, while Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing, the chip industry bellwether, continued to execute well and its shares hit all-time highs. In addition, our internet exposures positively impacted performance. Tencent remains our core holding in the space with strong execution and earnings growth, while we maintain a zero weight given our negative view towards Baidu. Other contributors included the overweight in Wynn Macau, which rose along with the broader industry recovery. The overweight in CNOOC, a pure upstream exploration and production company, also worked well, as low oil price year-on-year (y/y) supported refining margins. The underweight in the lower growth telecom operator, China Mobile, added value as the stock underperformed the market over this period, and we continue to remain on the sidelines.

Meanwhile, several financials positions negatively impacted returns. Shares of China Vanke fell from the overhang of its shareholding battle over this period and we exited as a result of finding better opportunities elsewhere, such as CR Land. Overweights in China Taiping Insurance and Ping An Insurance also hurt returns but, despite near term weakness, these life insurers should continue to be supported by secular tailwind. Other structural growth names detracted from performance as well for stock specific reasons. Regina Miracle suffered from disappointing results from its key customer L Brands and weaker-than-expected guidance, all the while ramping up capacity in Vietnam during an inventory correction. Sino Biopharmaceutical fell on headline noise around plans to buy shares of China Cinda AMC and inventory de-stocking. CAR Inc also detracted on worries over consumer demand and increasing competition given the Didi-Uber merger. IMAX China traded down on cyclical weakness this year with soft box office results and films underperforming expectations. Spring Airlines sold down along with the broader A-share market correction earlier in the year, coupled with aircraft delivery delays impacting near term earnings. We maintain confidence in these names, however, as we believe the share price corrections are overdone and these secular growth names remain well-positioned for long term growth.

Market Performance

China

Chinese equities ended down in the first guarter, with offshore listed equities down 5% and domestic A-shares (CSI300) down 14%, due to higher risk premium from another sudden renminbi devaluation and unsuccessful rollout of the circuit break mechanism. Markets rebounded, after touching low at the end of February, on strong credit numbers, the People's Bank of China (PBOC's) cutting the reserve requirement, and the beginning of demand recovery. On the macro front, the tug of war between renminbi stabilisation and much needed monetary stimulus

remained the key focus. The unexpected renminbi devaluation at the beginning of the year raised the market's renewed concern about the government's ability to use further monetary easing for macro recovery. The concern was eased when January-February credit numbers were strong, with M2 (a measure of money supply) growth reaching 14%/ 13% y/y respectively (vs. April 2015 low of 10.1% y/y). January-February fixed asset investment (FAI) rebounded to 10.2% vs. December's 8.2%. Property FAI turned positive to 3% y/y vs. December's -2.1%, with leading indicator new property construction starts rebounding to 13.7% y/y from -6.7% in December. Signs of macro pick up subsequently stabilised the renminbi. Earnings revision remained negative as expected, led by economically sensitive sectors such as energy, materials, and insurance. Even staples were hurt by weak demand. Positive revisions mainly came from structural growth sectors such as healthcare and technology.

Chinese equities ended down further in the second quarter after the sharp fall in the first quarter. Offshore-listed equities were down 1.7% and domestic A-shares (CSI300) were down 2%. We saw incremental tightening to rein in potential inflationary pressure after strong first quarter credit growth, as well as to facilitate reduction of excess capacity. A few select growth sectors with strong earnings visibility outperformed. On the macroeconomic front, the focus shifted from renminbi stabilisation towards pushing forward structural reforms while maintaining mild positive growth. The strong credit growth in the first quarter drove solid profitability recovery in certain sectors such as steel. Steel mill profitability reached historic highs, causing capacity restarts. The consumer price index (CPI) also rebounded from October 2015's low of 1.3% to 2.3% in February 2016, on an accelerated pace despite still relatively low absolute levels. A speech from an "authoritative person" in early May indicated a clear policy direction, to push structural reform even if macroeconomic growth remains in an "L" shape. M2 growth slowed to 11.8% y/y in May from January's high of 14% y/y. Industrial production growth moderated to 6% y/y in May from a year-todate high of 6.8% in March. Fixed asset investment growth slowed to 7.5% y/y in May from a high of 10.7% y/y in March. Earnings revisions remained negative, led by late-cycle retailing; transportation, where the commodity price rebound has squeezed margins; and pharmaceuticals, which have suffered policy-related price cuts. Positive revisions came from economically-sensitive sectors such as autos, energy and materials.

Chinese equities ended the third quarter up after falling in the first half of the year. Offshore-listed equities were up 12% and domestic A-shares (CSI300) were up 3%, supported by incremental improvement in demand combined with a low consumer price index, despite the tightening signal sent out by an "authoritative person" in early May. Technology, media & telecommunications and insurance outperformed, while late-cycle energy and consumer staples underperformed. On the macroeconomic front, growth remained resilient despite the early May tightening signal. Monetary policy turned neutral rather than towards tightening. M2 in August went up 11.4% y/y marking an incremental improvement from the 10.8% year-to-date low recorded in July. Industrial production growth in August rebounded to 6.3% vs. July's 6% and the recent low of 5.6% in October 2015. FAI rose by 8.1% y/y in August vs. July's 3.9%. The CPI remained in check, with August's reading declining to 1.3% from July's 1.8% and from the recent high of 2.3% in February. Earnings revisions remained negative, led by utilities, which were affected by raw material prices, brokers, which were hit by the equity market drop this year, and pharmaceuticals, which were hit by policy-related price cuts. Positive revisions came from technology, media & telecommunications, materials and autos.

Chinese equities were generally in a downward trend in the fourth guarter, despite mixed performance. Offshore-listed equities were down 7% and domestic A-shares (CSI300) up marginally, rising 1.7%, as the market worried about incremental monetary tightening amid the backdrop of renminbi depreciation pressure (down 4% quarter on quarter). Industrials and energy outperformed on a better demand outlook both domestically (infrastructure stimulus) and overseas. Technology, media & telecoms and property underperformed due to a rising rate environment and government property policy crackdown, respectively. On the macroeconomic front, growth remained resilient despite deleverage in the financial system and property tightening. The real economy benefited from a rising producer price index and improved profitability in the manufacturing sector. November's industrial profit growth accelerated to 18.8% year on year (y/y) from October's 10.3%, while revenue growth rose to 9.5% y/y from 5.6%. The improved macroeconomic environment attracted funding support to the real economy. November's industrial production growth remained at 6.2%, in line with the second-quarter's level, despite property tightening. M2 growth in November reached 11.4% y/y, compared to July's low of 10.2%. Rates rose higher on a combination of a better macroeconomic outlook as well as the PBOC's measures for financial deleverage. The 10-year Treasury bond yield rose to 3.06% from 2.74% at the end of the third quarter. Earnings revisions remained negative, due to weakness in transportation and utilities, in contrast with upward revisions in sectors such as energy and materials.

Hong Kong

After suffering a sharp drop at the beginning of the new year, Hong Kong equities clawed back most of the losses, led by Macau gaming, as well as utilities and telecom shares. Concerns over renminbi devaluation and capital outflows led to the fall in January, but those concerns subsided along with economic stabilisation in China and dovish comments from the US Federal Reserve. Residential

property prices continued their decline with a 6.2% drop during the guarter — reaching a 1.5 year low. While there was a modest pick-up in secondary sales volumes, primary launches have only seen mixed responses, despite attractive pricing and financing options. The shares of property companies recovered some of their losses, owing to lowered rate expectations as well as more capital management and corporate restructuring. Banks also selectively lowered their home mortgage rate offerings, which only had a limited impact. Fewer tourists from mainland China, and an increase in outbound travel by Hong Kong local residents, both due to the strong HK dollar, have caused the structural slowdown in retail sales to continue. Overall retail sales in January and February combined fell 13.5% year-on-year, accelerating from the 8.5% decline in December.

Macau gaming shares continued to rally on the back of stabilising gaming revenues. February was roughly flat y/y, the first flat month since the decline began in June 2014. Moreover, operators generally reported better than expected results, leading to further positive revisions.

It was a volatile quarter for Hong Kong equities given changes in expectations regarding rate rises in the US, an "authoritative person" warning of an "L-shaped" economic recovery in China and a surprise Brexit vote, which negatively impacted overall investment sentiment. This specifically impacted select Hong Kong equities with significant direct exposure to the UK, namely HSBC and three Li Ka-Shing-controlled companies. In terms of the property market, primary launches continued to do well as rate rise expectations waned, while developers began offering more aggressive as well as creative mortgage payment options in addition to the lowrate mortgage offerings from banks. The secondary market also saw a stabilisation in prices, even as transaction volumes remained weak. There was some excitement regarding a potential rebound in the retail market as the decline in retail sales narrowed:

however, there may be a delayed impact on rental income given the reversion cycle and reduction in turnover rent. Macau gaming slowed down in June due to the Euro 2016 football tournament as well as low seasonality.

After the sharp Brexit sell-off at the end of June, global markets were buoyed in the third quarter by further easing in monetary conditions. The strong rally in Hong Kong equities was also fuelled by a sharp increase in southbound buying under the existing Shanghai Connect programme. In addition, the long-anticipated Shenzhen Connect programme was announced, along with the elimination of aggregate quotas and an increase in the universe of investible stocks under the southbound programme. The Chinese regulator also confirmed that mainland insurers could participate via the Connect programme. Property developers rallied strongly as residential property prices unexpectedly rose by 6%, leaving them up slightly for the year (after a 13% correction from September 2015 until March 2016). Transaction volumes surged, benefiting from the return of investment, and buyer demand as banks continued to lower mortgage rates on the back of ample liquidity in Hong Kong. However, the office sector received mixed news as transaction valuations remained high but sentiment turned more negative on weakness in the multinational financial sector. Meanwhile, the turnaround in retail sales may be delayed as retail sales and tourist arrivals fell 10.5% and 9.4%, respectively, in August. The Macau gaming sector posted a strong guarter as gaming revenue growth turned positive in both August and September for the first time in 26 months. September's gaming revenue growth was 7.4% year on year on the back of two successful property openings (Wynn Palace and Sands Parisian). Moreover, corporate results were generally in line or better than expected.

Hong Kong equities sold off in the fourth guarter as the surprise President Trump victory in the US

presidential election spurred higher rate expectations and the continued strengthening of the US dollar. These forces exacerbated a declining renminbi, which resulted in further capital controls and raised fears of more to come. Combined with worries over potential trade frictions with the US, all these factors caused a sell-off in Hong Kong equities, led by the interest rate-sensitive property and utilities sectors, as well as companies with overseas exposure. The Shenzhen Hong Kong Connect programme was finally launched in early December, although volumes have been generally disappointing. The residential property sector was hit both by a surprising tightening in government measures as well as the rise in interest rate expectations. Retail sales were better than expected for a couple of months before disappointing again in November, as tourist arrivals continued to taper off. Hong Kong banks bucked the downward trend given they stand to benefit from rising interest rates, especially for those with large low-cost/zero-cost deposit bases. However, this benefit may be dampened by muted loan growth, which translates into margin pressures, offsetting some of the benefits from rising base rates. Macau gaming names generally trended up as gaming revenue growth continued in the guarter. although growth did slow in December. Stocks were sold in December owing to concerns over the impact of the falling renminbi as well as tighter capital controls, including a rumoured halving of the daily ATM withdrawal limit using UnionPay, which turned out to he false.

Taiwan

The Taiex index fell sharply at the beginning of the first quarter, unnerved by turmoil in the global markets, along with further devaluation of renminbi and a plunge in the China equity market after the introduction and subsequent suspension of the circuit-breaker system in the first week of the year. However, the market managed to rebound towards the end to finish the first quarter +4.9%

INVESTMENT ADVISOR'S REPORT (continued)

quarter-on-quarter. Foreign investors were active buyers of the market. Economically sensitive sectors had the strongest momentum with steel, rubber, oil & gas, cement and construction being the strongest performers. Technology also outperformed, lifted by strong performance in the upstream like TSMC. Apple unveiled its new 4-inch iPhone SE and 9.7-inch iPad Pro at the Apple Worldwide Developers Conference. but investors' reactions were muted. Textiles remained weak on continued concerns over excess inventory. Financials performed poorly too, as the Central Bank of the Republic of China (Taiwan) ('CBC') cut its interest rate for the third time since September 2015. The Taiwanese government released 4Q15 real GDP falling 0.5% y/y. The government estimated that seasonally-adjusted real GDP rose modestly by 2.2% quarter-over-quarter in 4Q15, following two consecutive quarterly contractions. For the full-year 2015, real GDP growth slowed notably to 0.75% year-over-year, compared to 3.9% year-over-year in 2014. The Taiwan central bank cut its key policy rate to 1.5% to maintain accommodative monetary conditions, and to foster economic growth. With inflation pressure expected to remain muted in 2016 on weak growth, it was thought there could be room for further easing in the later quarters. The Taiwan central bank Governor Perng stated the economy was likely to improve in the second half of 2016 from a low base.

The Taiex closed almost flat for the second guarter, which masked the volatility in the quarter. Several large events took place, including the weak firstquarter reporting season, the inauguration of the new president and government, Brexit, and CBC cutting the discount rate by 12.5 basis points to 1.375% for the fourth time since September 2015. The market slipped initially on poor economic data. a challenging outlook for the Apple iPhone and weak first guarter results, but staged a strong recovery after the inauguration of the new president. A generally balanced speech by President Tsai Ing-wen helped to soothe concerns over Cross-Straits relations. While she did not fully recognise the 1992 consensus, she acknowledged the historical fact of the meeting and committed to maintaining Cross-Straits relations based on the Constitution of the Republic of China. Following Brexit, the Taiex slumped initially, but bargain hunters stepped in to drive the market back up. Taiwan's GDP fell by 0.8% vear on year (v/v) in the first guarter of 2016, after declining 0.5% in the fourth guarter of 2015, marking the third consecutive guarterly decline on a v/v basis, due to a drop in investment and exports. Exports contracted for the sixteenth consecutive month in May 2016, and continued to weigh on Taiwan's export-driven economy, dragging down domestic investments and the labour market.

The Taiex rallied to a 14-month peak of 9,303 towards the end of the third quarter, the bestperforming market among its north Asia peers in the quarter, largely due to strong foreign inflows following Brexit. The TWSE finished at 9,166, up 5.8% quarter on quarter. The Taiwanese market was a beneficiary of investors searching for yields given the high dividend yield offered in Taiwan. The technology sector was helped by Apple's positive outlook for the third quarter and a stronger-than-expected reception of the iPhone7. In addition, Intel raised its guidance for the third quarter, raising hopes for a better outlook for PCs/NBs. The Taiwanese economy returned to expansion in the second quarter, rising 0.7% y/y following three consecutive quarters of contraction. In comparison, GDP fell by 0.7% in the first guarter. The modest recovery was in line with market expectations. The rebound in GDP growth in the second quarter was primarily led by better growth in net exports. Meanwhile, domestic demand was muted, due to both weak consumption growth and further investment contraction. Export growth finally turned positive in July (up 1.2% y/y) after a 17-month long negative streak. Exports by destination indicated overall better demand. The consumer price index fell to 0.3% y/y in September from 0.6% in August, led by lower vegetable and fruit prices.

The TWSE closed up 1% quarter on quarter (q/q) in the fourth quarter in low volume to finish the year with a total return of over 15%. Shares tumbled on the day of President Trump's election, led by lower vegetable and fruit prices but subsequently pared losses. Exporters (including the technology sectors) underperformed on concerns that the US may impose punitive measures relating to imports. Driven by the steepening of the US yield curve, strong buying interest in financials helped the sector to outperform. Taiwan insurers are net beneficiaries of higher interest rates. The basic materials sector also outperformed on an improving supply/demand backdrop, helping the spreads of most commodity products. Technology underperformed ahead of seasonal weakness and concerns over the strength of the Chinese handset market. The Apple-related supply chain also suffered from selling pressure as the first quarter could see a sharp q/q drop in shipment after the peak period. Taiwan's third quarter growth improved more than expected, to 2.1% y/y, beating consensus estimates and rebounding from the 0.7% y/y gain recorded in the second quarter. The improvement was seen across both domestic demand components and external demand. The improvement in domestic demand activity suggests that growth momentum has stabilised. As expected, CBC kept its policy interest rate unchanged at 1.375%. The CBC has noted a modest economic recovery and improving labour market. Meanwhile, inflation is likely to remain benign.

Market Outlook

President Trump's victory has accelerated expectations for the normalisation of interest rates, although the path of his policy implementation remains to be seen. Most importantly, the market will be concerned with potential trade frictions between the US and China as implied by the President Trump rhetoric, which would have a direct impact on exporters as well as an indirect impact on Hong Kong equities. Combined with the continued tightening of measures aimed at overheating in the residential property market, China may be flirting with a growth slow-down that could reverse the rally in industrial and commodity equities. However, the potential drag from property tightening (to prevent a bubble) could be cushioned by rising manufacturing capital expenditure as well as resilient infrastructure spending. We believe the government has proven that it has enough policy tools to maintain a stable growth environment while more reforms are pushed forward. On the structural reform front, we see "low hanging fruits" largely completed, such as interest rate reform and cutting excess capacity in steel/coal. Remaining areas, such as state-owned enterprise reform, tax burden reduction and income distribution reform, would be relatively complicated. Any big progress in those areas remains to be seen. We anticipate a further tightening of financial conditions in China in response to pressure on the currency, as authorities attempt to buy time for an easing in the US dollar rally. Further capital controls out of China would also affect many sectors in Hong Kong, including insurance, property, Macau gaming and retail. The Chinese New Year holidays also tested the strength of the retail sales turnaround, especially as retailers adapt to the new reality of declining per-tourist spend from mainland China. The Trump presidency has also increased the uncertainty for the export-dependent Taiwan. Crossstraits development would be another watch point following the first contact in nearly 40 years between the US and Taiwanese presidents. Amid macroeconomic uncertainty and rising interest rates, our base case remains that the Taiwanese market would be supported by a better GDP and corporate earnings growth outlook in 2017. An end or pause to domestic interest rate declines should also benefit earnings for financials stocks.

Emerson Yip JF International Management, Inc February 27, 2017

	% OF NET ASSETS
Tencent Holdings Ltd. Provides internet, mobile, and telecommunication value-added services in China. The company has an instant messaging community in China. Tencent also provides online advertising services, and e-commerce transactions services to users in the People's Republic of China, the United States, Europe, and internationally.	8.5
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co. Ltd. (TSMC') Manufactures and markets integrated circuits. The company provides the following services: wafer manufacturing, wafer probing, assembly and testing, mask production and design services. The company's integrated circuits are used in computer, communication, consumer electronics, automotive and industrial equipment industries.	8.2
Alibaba Group Holding Ltd. Provides internet infrastructure, e-commerce, online financial, and internet content services through its subsidiaries. Alibaba Group Holding offers its products and services worldwide.	5.8
China Construction Bank Corp. 'H' Provides a complete range of banking services and other financial services to individual and corporate customers. The bank's services include corporate banking, personal banking, and treasury operations. It also services infrastructure loans, residential mortgage, and bank cards.	5.6
Ping An Insurance Group Co. of China Ltd. 'A' Provides a variety of insurance service in China. The Company writes property, casualty, and life insurance. Ping An Insurance also offers financial services.	4.2
China Merchants Bank Co. Ltd. Provides a wide range of commercial banking services including deposit, loan, bill discount, government bonds underwriting and trading, interbank lending, letter of credit, bank guarantee, and other related services.	4.1
AIA Group Ltd. Offers insurance and financial services. The company writes life insurance for individuals and businesses, accident and health insurance, retirement planning, and wealth management services.	3.9
CNOOC Ltd. Through its subsidiaries, explores, develops, produces and sells crude oil and natural gas. The Group's core operation areas are Bohai, Western South China Sea, Eastern South China Sea and East China Sea in offshore China.	2.8
Largan Precision Co. Ltd. Offers lenses for liquid crystal display (LCD) projects, scanners, optical mice, digital still cameras (DSCs), digital versatile discs (DVDs), light emitting diodes (LED), and photography mobile phones.	2.3
Hong Kong Exchanges & Clearing Ltd. Owns and operates the stock exchange, futures exchange, and their related clearing houses in Hong Kong. The Company provides the trading platforms for a range of cash and derivatives products and the facilities for processing trades.	2.3

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

AT DECEMBER 31, 2016

DESCRIPTION	HOLDINGS (IN SHARES)	VALUE (IN US\$)	DESCRIPTION	HOLDINGS (IN SHARES)	VALUE (IN US\$)
COMMON STOCK CHINA (61.0%) Aerospace & Defense (0.5%)			Health Care Providers & Services China Resources Phoenix Healthcare Holdings Co. Ltd. (a)	` ,	1,264,546
Avic Aviation Engine Corp. plc, 'A'	119,601	563,456	Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure (2)		1,204,540
Airlines (0.7%)	,		China CYTS Tours Holding Co.	.0%)	
Spring Airlines Co. Ltd., 'A'	148,529	785,230	Ltd., 'A'	339,300	1,023,832
Automobiles (0.8%)			Wynn Macau Ltd.	1,143,200	1,819,213
Chongqing Changan Automobile					2,843,045
Co. Ltd., 'A'	260,802	560,671	Household Durables (1.0%)		
SAIC Motor Corp., Ltd., 'A'	84,000	283,445	Hangzhou Robam Appliances Co.		
		844,116	Ltd., 'A'	200,350	1,060,922
Banks (11.2%)			Independent Power & Renewable	Electricity Produ	ıcers (1.0%)
China Construction Bank Corp.	7,980,000	6,143,607	CGN Power Co. Ltd. (e)	3,973,000	1,091,301
China Merchants Bank Co. Ltd.	1,891,500	4,434,518	Insurance (4.2%)		
Industrial Bank Co. Ltd., 'A'	366,100	850,256	Ping An Insurance Group Co. of		
Postal Savings Bank of China Co.			China Ltd., 'A'	901,152	4,594,261
Ltd. (a) (e)	1,438,000	776,997	Internet & Direct Marketing Reta	il (2.2%)	
		12,205,378	Ctrip.com International Ltd. (a)	21,700	868,000
Beverages (1.3%)			JD.com, Inc. (a)	58,400	1,485,696
Kweichow Moutai Co. Ltd., 'A'	29,580	1,422,283			2,353,696
Capital Markets (0.8%)			Internet Software & Services (15	.4%)	
Huatai Securities Co. Ltd., 'A'	327,150	840,765	Alibaba Group Holding Ltd. (a)	71,300	6,260,853
Chemicals (1.2%)			Tencent Holdings Ltd.	377,300	9,229,971
Kangde Xin Composite Material			Wangsu Science & Technology Co.		
Group Co. Ltd., 'A'	467,063	1,284,348	Ltd., 'A'	168,691	1,301,320
Commercial Services & Supplies	(1.0%)				16,792,144
Beijing Originwater Technology Co			Leisure Products (0.5%)		
Ltd., 'A'	432,718	1,090,901	Alpha Group, 'A'	163,925	535,448
Diversified Telecommunication S	ervices (2.1%)		Machinery (2.1%)		
China Telecom Corp. Ltd.	4,984,000	2,300,950	China Conch Venture Holdings Ltd.	526,500	936,966
Electrical Equipment (1.1%)			Han's Laser Technology Industry		
Guoxuan High-Tech Co. Ltd., 'A'	106,400	474,471	Group Co. Ltd., 'A'	398,204	1,294,972
Luxshare Precision Industry Co.,					2,231,938
Ltd., 'A'	259,913	776,055	Metals & Mining (0.4%)		
		1,250,526	Aluminum Corp. of China Ltd. (a)	1,158,000	477,864
Electronic Equipment, Instrumen	ts & Components	(4.0%)	Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels (2.8	s%)	
AAC Technologies Holdings, Inc.	214,000	1,944,200	CNOOC Ltd.	2,460,000	3,077,181
GoerTek, Inc., 'A'	234,800	896,021	Pharmaceuticals (1.1%)		
Hangzhou Hikvision Digital	(00.070	4 /67 650	Jiangsu Hengrui Medicine Co.		
Technology Co. Ltd., 'A'	428,370	1,467,658	Ltd., 'A'	182,593	1,195,479
		4,307,879			

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

AT DECEMBER 31, 2016 (continued)

MAX China Holding, Inc. (a) (e)	DESCRIPTION	HOLDINGS (IN SHARES)	VALUE (IN US\$)	DESCRIPTION	HOLDINGS (IN SHARES)	VALUE (IN US\$)
Poly Real Estate Group Co. Ltd., "A" 1,363,650 1,791,514 Sino Biopharmaceuticals (1,3%) 1,974,000 1,389,908 Specialty Retail (0,2%) Sino Biopharmaceutical Ltd. 1,974,000 1,389,908 Specialty Retail (0,2%) Sino Biopharmaceutical Ltd. 370,500 2,271,878 Ltd. 402,000 904,105 Mharf Holdings Ltd. Holdings Ltd. Ltd. 1,208,000 1,433,181 Specialty Retail (0,6%) Sino Biopharmaceutical Ltd. 370,500 2,271,878 Ltd. 402,000 904,105 Mharf Holdings Ltd. 367,000 4,458,999 Secialty Retail (0,6%) Secoalty Retail Ret	COMMON STOCK — continued	January (1 60/)		• •	177 500	060.010
Ltd., 'A' 1,363,650 1,791,514 Sino Biopharmaceutical Ltd. 1,974,000 1,389,908	-	etopment (1.0%)		3. (,(,	177,500	809,818
China Harmony New Energy Auto 180,864 Ltd. 370,500 2,271,878 Cheung Kong Property Holdings Ltd. 370,500 2,271,878 Cheung Kong Property Holdings Ltd. 370,500 2,271,878 China Resources Land Ltd. 402,000 904,105 4,458,999 4,458,9	3	1,363,650	1,791,514		1,974,000	1,389,908
Holding Ltd. 504,500 180,864 Ltd. 370,500 2,271,878 TOTAL CHINA 66,386,035 China Resources Land Ltd. 402,000 904,105 HONG KONG (29.1%) 4,458,999 Nexteer Automotive Group Ltd. 1,208,000 1,433,181 Specialty Retail (0.6%) Automobiles (0.8%) Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods (1.8%) Banks (3.1%) Pacific Textiles Holdings Ltd. 417,000 681,514 Holdings Ltd. 654,000 900,731 Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods (1.8%) Banks (3.1%) Pacific Textiles Holdings Ltd. 417,000 452,788 BOC Hong Kong Holdings Ltd. 647,200 1,190,157 Holdings Ltd. (e) 992,000 822,562 Samsonite International SA 249,300 712,102 Ltd. 104,281 2,463,638 Beijing Enterprises Water Group Ltd. 922,000 613,517 Commercial Services & Supplies (1.1%) Ltd. 922,000 613,517 Commercial Services &	Specialty Retail (0.2%)			Real Estate Management & Deve	elopment (4.1%)	
Commercial Services & Supplies (1.1%) Comm	3 33	50/ 500	100.067			
Warr Holdings Ltd. (The) 193,000 1,283,016 4,458,999	3	504,500				
Auto Components (1.3%) Nexteer Automotive Group Ltd. 1,208,000 1,433,181 Specialty Retail (0.6%) Chow Sang Sang Holdings International Ltd. 367,000 681,514 Holdings Ltd. 654,000 900,731 Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods (1.8%) Banks (3.1%) Pacific Textiles Holdings Ltd. 417,000 452,788 BOC Hong Kong Holdings Ltd. 596,000 2,132,826 Regina Miracle International Dah Sing Banking Group Ltd. 647,200 1,190,157 Holdings Ltd. (e) 992,000 822,562 Samsonite International SA 249,300 712,102 Capital Markets (2.3%) Hong Kong Exchanges & Clearing Ltd. 104,281 2,463,638 Beijing Enterprises Water Group Ltd. 1,073,000 1,216,283 SINGAPORE (0.7%) China Everbright International Ltd. 1,073,000 1,216,283 SINGAPORE (0.7%) With Group Ltd. (e) 1,155,500 934,294 BOC Aviation Ltd. (e) 168,800 829,361 Gas Utilities (1.5%) China Resources Gas Group Ltd. 594,000 1,669,895 Banks (1.5%) China Resources Gas Group Ltd. 184,000 596,763 Communications Equipment (0.8%) Household Durables (0.8%) Household Durables (0.8%) Ecktronic Industries Co. Ltd. 252,500 905,216 Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components (2.3%) Largan Precision Co. Ltd. 21,000 2,469,515 CK Hutchison Holdings Ltd. 171,000 1,938,345 Food & Staples Retailing (1.2%)			66,386,035			
Nexteer Automotive Group Ltd.	HONG KONG (29.1%)			what Holdings Ltd. (The)	193,000	
Automobiles (0.8%) Brilliance China Automotive Holdings Ltd. 654,000 900,731 Banks (3.1%) BOC Hong Kong Holdings Ltd. 596,000 2,132,826 Regina Miracle International Ltd. 417,000 452,788 BOC Hong Kong Holdings Ltd. 647,200 1,190,157 Holdings Ltd. (e) 992,000 822,562 Capital Markets (2.3%) Hong Kong Exchanges & Clearing Ltd. 104,281 2,463,638 Beijing Enterprises Water Group Ltd. 1,073,000 1,216,283 Commercial Services & Supplies (1.1%) China Everbright International Ltd. 1,073,000 1,216,283 Food Products (0.9%) WH Group Ltd. (e) 1,155,500 934,294 Gas Utilities (1.5%) China Resources Gas Group Ltd. 594,000 1,669,895 Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure (0.6%) Each de Coral Holdings Ltd. 184,000 596,763 Food Brodustic Industries Co. Ltd. 252,500 905,216 Electronic Industries Co. Ltd. 252,500 Pood & Staples Retailing (1.2%) Food Staples Retailing (1.2%) Food Staples Retailing (1.2%) Food Staples Retailing (1.2%)		1 200 000	1 /22 101			4,458,999
International Ltd. 367,000 681,514	'	1,208,000	1,433,161	,		
Holdings Ltd. 654,000 900,731 Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods (1.8%) Pacific Textiles Holdings Ltd. 417,000 452,788 BOC Hong Kong Holdings Ltd. 596,000 2,132,826 Regina Miracle International Holdings Ltd. (e) 992,000 822,562 3,322,983 Samsonite International SA 249,300 712,102 249,7452 24	, ,			3 3 3	267.000	601 51/
Pacific Textiles Holdings Ltd. 417,000		654 000	000 731			081,514
Regina Miracle International Holdings Ltd. 596,000 2,132,826 T.190,157 Holdings Ltd. (e) 992,000 822,562 3,322,983 Samsonite International SA 249,300 712,102 T.2987,452 T	, and the second	034,000	300,731		, ,	/52.700
Dah Sing Banking Group Ltd.	, ,	506 000	2 122 926	<u> </u>	417,000	452,788
Samsonite International SA 249,300 712,102	5 5 5			3	992.000	822,562
Capital Markets (2.3%) 4,987,452 Hong Kong Exchanges & Clearing Water Utilities (0.6%) Ltd. 104,281 2,463,638 Beijing Enterprises Water Group 613,517 Commercial Services & Supplies (1.1%) Ltd. 922,000 613,517 China Everbright International 1,073,000 1,216,283 SINGAPORE (0.7%) Food Products (0.9%) Trading Companies & Distributors (0.7%) WH Group Ltd. (e) 168,800 829,361 Gas Utilities (1.5%) TAIWAN (17.5%) TAIWAN (17.5%) E.Sun Financial Holding Co. Ltd. 2,866,816 1,632,259 China Resources Gas Group Ltd. 594,000 1,669,895 Banks (1.5%) E.Sun Financial Holding Co. Ltd. 2,866,816 1,632,259 Cafe de Coral Holdings Ltd. 184,000 596,763 Communications Equipment (0.8%) Wistron NeWeb Corp. 306,180 819,862 Household Durables (0.8%) Wistron NeWeb Corp. 306,180 819,862 Techtronic Industries Co. Ltd. 252,500 905,216 Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components (2.3%) Largan Precision Co. Ltd. 21,000 2,469,515 CK Hutchison Holdin	- a a a a a	,		3 ()		
Water Utilities (0.6%) Ltd.	Canital Markets (2.39)					1.987.452
Ltd. 104,281 2,463,638 Beijing Enterprises Water Group Ltd. 922,000 613,517 Commercial Services & Supplies (1.1%) TOTAL HONG KONG 31,649,780 Ltd. 1,073,000 1,216,283 SINGAPORE (0.7%) Food Products (0.9%) Trading Companies & Distributors (0.7%) WH Group Ltd. (e) 1,155,500 934,294 BOC Aviation Ltd. (e) 168,800 829,361 Gas Utilities (1.5%) TAIWAN (17.5%) Banks (1.5%) E.Sun Financial Holding Co. Ltd. 2,866,816 1,632,259 Cafe de Coral Holdings Ltd. 184,000 596,763 Communications Equipment (0.8%) Wistron NeWeb Corp. 306,180 819,862 Household Durables (0.8%) 252,500 905,216 Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components (2.3%) Largan Precision Co. Ltd. 21,000 2,469,515 Industrial Conglomerates (2.5%) Tood & Staples Retailing (1.2%) Food & Staples Retailing (1.2%)	. , ,			Water Utilities (0.6%)		
Ltd. 922,000 613,517	3 3 3	104.281	2.463.638	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
China Everbright International Ltd. TOTAL HONG KONG 31,649,780 Ltd. 1,073,000 1,216,283 SINGAPORE (0.7%) Food Products (0.9%) Trading Companies & Distributors (0.7%) WH Group Ltd. (e) 1,155,500 934,294 BOC Aviation Ltd. (e) 168,800 829,361 Gas Utilities (1.5%) TAIWAN (17.5%) TAIWAN (17.5%) TAIWAN (17.5%) E.Sun Financial Holding Co. Ltd. 2,866,816 1,632,259 Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure (0.6%) E.Sun Financial Holding Co. Ltd. 2,866,816 1,632,259 Cafe de Coral Holdings Ltd. 184,000 596,763 Communications Equipment (0.8%) Wistron NeWeb Corp. 306,180 819,862 Techtronic Industries Co. Ltd. 252,500 905,216 Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components (2.3%) Largan Precision Co. Ltd. 21,000 2,469,515 CK Hutchison Holdings Ltd. 171,000 1,938,345 Food & Staples Retailing (1.2%) Food & Staples Retailing (1.2%)				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	922,000	613,517
Ltd. 1,073,000 1,216,283 SINGAPORE (0.7%) Trading Companies & Distributors (0.7%) BOC Aviation Ltd. (e) 168,800 829,361 SINGAPORE (0.7%) TAIWAN (17.5%) SINGAPORE (0.7%) SINGAPORE	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(1.1 /0)		TOTAL HONG KONG		31.649.780
Food Products (0.9%) Trading Companies & Distributors (0.7%) WH Group Ltd. (e) 1,155,500 934,294 BOC Aviation Ltd. (e) 168,800 829,361 Gas Utilities (1.5%) TAIWAN (17.5%) China Resources Gas Group Ltd. 594,000 1,669,895 Banks (1.5%) E.Sun Financial Holding Co. Ltd. 2,866,816 1,632,259 Cafe de Coral Holdings Ltd. 184,000 596,763 Communications Equipment (0.8%) Wistron NeWeb Corp. 306,180 819,862 Techtronic Industries Co. Ltd. 252,500 905,216 Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components (2.3%) Industrial Conglomerates (2.5%) Largan Precision Co. Ltd. 21,000 2,469,515 CK Hutchison Holdings Ltd. 171,000 1,938,345 Food & Staples Retailing (1.2%)	5	1,073,000	1,216,283	SINGAPORE (0.7%)		
WH Group Ltd. (e) 1,155,500 934,294 BOC Aviation Ltd. (e) 168,800 829,361 Gas Utilities (1.5%) TAIWAN (17.5%) Banks (1.5%) China Resources Gas Group Ltd. 594,000 1,669,895 Banks (1.5%) E.Sun Financial Holding Co. Ltd. 2,866,816 1,632,259 Cafe de Coral Holdings Ltd. 184,000 596,763 Communications Equipment (0.8%) Wistron NeWeb Corp. 306,180 819,862 Techtronic Industries Co. Ltd. 252,500 905,216 Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components (2.3%) Industrial Conglomerates (2.5%) Largan Precision Co. Ltd. 21,000 2,469,515 CK Hutchison Holdings Ltd. 171,000 1,938,345 Food & Staples Retailing (1.2%)	Food Products (0.9%)			` ,	ors (0.7%)	
China Resources Gas Group Ltd. 594,000 1,669,895 Banks (1.5%) Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure (0.6%) Cafe de Coral Holdings Ltd. 184,000 596,763 Communications Equipment (0.8%) Household Durables (0.8%) Techtronic Industries Co. Ltd. 252,500 905,216 Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components (2.3%) Industrial Conglomerates (2.5%) CK Hutchison Holdings Ltd. 171,000 1,938,345 Food & Staples Retailing (1.2%)	WH Group Ltd. (e)	1,155,500	934,294		` '	829,361
China Resources Gas Group Ltd. 594,000 1,669,895 Banks (1.5%) Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure (0.6%) Cafe de Coral Holdings Ltd. 184,000 596,763 Communications Equipment (0.8%) Household Durables (0.8%) Techtronic Industries Co. Ltd. 252,500 905,216 Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components (2.3%) Industrial Conglomerates (2.5%) CK Hutchison Holdings Ltd. 171,000 1,938,345 Food & Staples Retailing (1.2%)	Gas Utilities (1.5%)			TAIWAN (17.5%)		
Cafe de Coral Holdings Ltd. 184,000 596,763 Communications Equipment (0.8%) Household Durables (0.8%) Wistron NeWeb Corp. 306,180 819,862 Techtronic Industries Co. Ltd. 252,500 905,216 Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components (2.3%) Industrial Conglomerates (2.5%) CK Hutchison Holdings Ltd. 171,000 1,938,345 Food & Staples Retailing (1.2%)	China Resources Gas Group Ltd.	594,000	1,669,895	, ,		
Cafe de Coral Holdings Ltd. 184,000 596,763 Communications Equipment (0.8%) Household Durables (0.8%) Techtronic Industries Co. Ltd. 252,500 905,216 Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components (2.3%) Largan Precision Co. Ltd. 21,000 2,469,515 CK Hutchison Holdings Ltd. 171,000 1,938,345 Food & Staples Retailing (1.2%)	Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure (0.6%)		E.Sun Financial Holding Co. Ltd.	2,866,816	1,632,259
Techtronic Industries Co. Ltd. 252,500 905,216 Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components (2.3%) Industrial Conglomerates (2.5%) CK Hutchison Holdings Ltd. 171,000 1,938,345 Food & Staples Retailing (1.2%)	Cafe de Coral Holdings Ltd.	184,000	596,763	Communications Equipment (0.	8%)	
Industrial Conglomerates (2.5%) CK Hutchison Holdings Ltd. Largan Precision Co. Ltd. 21,000 2,469,515 Food & Staples Retailing (1.2%)	Household Durables (0.8%)			Wistron NeWeb Corp.	306,180	819,862
CK Hutchison Holdings Ltd. 171,000 1,938,345 Food & Staples Retailing (1.2%)	Techtronic Industries Co. Ltd.	252,500	905,216	Electronic Equipment, Instrume	ents & Component	s (2.3%)
, ,	Industrial Conglomerates (2.5%	5)		Largan Precision Co. Ltd.	21,000	2,469,515
Shun Tak Holdings Ltd. 2.256.000 779.687 President Chain Store Corp. 190.000 1.361.817	CK Hutchison Holdings Ltd.	171,000	1,938,345	Food & Staples Retailing (1.2%)	
	Shun Tak Holdings Ltd.	2,256,000	779,687	President Chain Store Corp.	190,000	1,361,817
2,718,032 Insurance (1.1%)			2,718,032	Insurance (1.1%)		
Insurance (5.0%) China Life Insurance Co. Ltd. 1,249,000 1,242,063	Insurance (5.0%)			China Life Insurance Co. Ltd.	1,249,000	1,242,063
	AIA Group Ltd.	747,000	4,214,489	Semiconductors & Semiconduct	or Equipment (10	.6%)
, ,	China Taiping Insurance Holdings					
Co. Ltd. (a) 617,000 1,273,067 Engineering, Inc. 1,203,802 1,234,467	Co. Ltd. (a)	617,000	1,273,067	5 5.		
			5,487,556	nimax Technologies, Inc.	/6,643	462,924

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

DESCRIPTION	HOLDINGS (IN SHARES)	VALUE (IN US\$)
COMMON STOCK — continued		
Semiconductors & Semiconduct	or Equipment —	- continued
Silicon Motion Technology Corp.	23,205	985,748
Taiwan Semiconductor		
Manufacturing Co. Ltd.	1,576,057	8,875,682
		11,558,821
TOTAL TAIWAN		19,084,337
TOTAL INVESTMENTS		
(108.3% of Net Assets)		
(Cost \$102,544,830)		117,949,513
Liabilities in excess of other as	ssets	
(-8.3% of Net Assets)		(9,076,352)
NET ASSETS (100.0%)		108,873,161

As of December 31, 2016, aggregate cost for Federal income tax purposes was \$103,136,407. The aggregate unrealized gain for all securities is as follows:

Excess of market value over cost	21,747,973
Excess of cost over market value	(6,934,867)
Net unrealized gain	14,813,106

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF PORTFOLIO INVESTMENTS:

- Non-income producing security.
- Security is exempt from registration under Rule 144A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Unless otherwise indicated, this security has been determined to be liquid under procedures established by the Board of Directors and may be resold in transactions exempt from registration, normally to qualified institutional buyers.
- China A shares. (See Note 7.iii on page 26)

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

	(in US\$)
ASSETS:	
Investments in non-affiliates, at value (cost \$102,544,830)	117,949,513
Cash	3,277,043
Foreign currency, at value (cost \$2,621,252)	2,612,398
Deposits at broker (See Note 7.iii.)	25,381
Receivable for securities sold	884,583
Dividends receivable	16,133
Total Assets	124,765,051
LIABILITIES:	
Loan payable to bank (See Note 6)	15,000,000
Payables	
Payable for securities purchased	386,521
Accrued Liabilities	
Investment advisory fees	229,321
Directors' fees and expenses	79,116
Custodian and accounting fees	21,467
Administration fees	14,583
Interest on loan	7,306
Deferred China capital gains tax	3,941
Other	149,635
Total Liabilities	15,891,890
Net Assets	108,873,161
Net assets consist of:	
Common stock, \$0.01 par value	
(100,000,000 shares authorized; 6,447,637 shares issued and outstanding)	64,476
Paid-in capital	98,741,472
Accumulated undistributed (distributions in excess of) net investment income	(14,050)
Accumulated realized loss on investments and foreign currency transactions	(5,312,234)
Accumulated net unrealized appreciation on investments, foreign currency holdings, and other	
assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies	15,393,497
Net Assets	108,873,161
Net Asset Value Per Share (\$108,873,161 ÷ 6,447,637)	16.89

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	(in US\$)
INVESTMENT INCOME:	
Dividends from non-affiliates (net of foreign withholding tax of \$238,735)	2,602,859
Interest income from affiliates	3,739
Total Investment Income	2,606,598
EXPENSES:	
Investment advisory fees	1,249,086
Legal fees	495,543
Directors' fees and expenses	394,200
Interest expense to non-affiliates (See Note 6)	215,854
Custodian and accounting fees	105,597
Audit fees	88,726
Administration fees	87,500
Shareholder report fees	59,294
Insurance fees	41,459
Shareholder service fees	26,132
NYSE listing fees Interest expense to affiliates	25,000 266
Other expenses	41,993
·	2,830,650
Total Expenses	
Less amounts waived (See Note 4)	(86,394)
Net expenses	2,744,256
Net Investment Loss	(137,658)
REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS) ON INVESTMENTS, FOREIGN CURRENCY HOLDINGS AND OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES:	
Net realized gain (loss)	
Investments in non-affiliates *	(3,538,331)
Foreign currency transactions	(121,060)
Net realized gain (loss)	(3,659,391)
Net change in unrealized appreciation/(depreciation)	
Investments in non-affiliates	1,693,373
Foreign currency translations	11,324
Change in net unrealized appreciation/(depreciation)	1,704,697
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments, foreign currency holdings and other assets	
and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies	(1,954,694)
Net decrease in net assets resulting from operations	(2,092,352)
net activate in fict assets resutting from operations	(2,092,332)

^{*} Net of a reduction of China capital gain tax accrual of \$49,309. (See Note 2)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

FOR THE PERIODS INDICATED

	Year Ended December 31, 2016 (in US\$)	Year Ended December 31, 2015 (in US\$)
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS:		
Operations		
Net investment income (loss)	(137,658)	662,890
Net realized gain (loss) on investment and foreign currency transactions	(3,659,391)	7,955,529
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments, foreign		
currency holdings and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign		
currencies	1,704,697	(14,177,098)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	_(2,092,352)	(5,558,679)
DISTRIBUTIONS TO STOCKHOLDERS:		
Net investment income	_	(2,134,575)
Net realized gain	(2,221,856)	(4,141,684)
Total distributions to shareholders	(2,221,856)	(6,276,259)
Total increase (decrease) in net assets	(4,314,208)	(11,834,938)
NET ASSETS:		
Beginning of period	113,187,369	125,022,307
End of period (including undistributed (distributions in excess of) net investment		
income of \$(14,050) and \$(7,906), respectively)	108,873,161	113,187,369
SHARE TRANSACTIONS		
Opening number of shares	6,447,637	6,447,637
Closing number of shares	6,447,637	6,447,637

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	(in US\$)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	
Cash flows provided (used) by operating activities:	
Decrease in net assets resulting from operations	(2,092,352)
Adjustments to reconcile net increase/decrease in net assets resulting	
from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Purchase of investment securities	(35,155,146)
Proceeds from disposition of investment securities	38,480,285
Change in unrealized (appreciation)/depreciation on investments in non-affiliates	(1,693,373)
Net realized (gain)/loss on investments	3,538,331
Decrease in deposits at broker	1,782
Decrease in dividends receivable	12,822
Decrease in other assets	10,000
Increase in accrued expenses and other liabilities	148,147
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	3,250,496
Cash flows provided (used) by financing activities:	
Cash distributions paid to shareholders	(6,970,025)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	(6,970,025)
Net decrease in cash	_(3,719,529)
Cash:	
Beginning of year (including foreign currency of \$6,520,020)	9,608,970
End of year (including foreign currency of \$2,612,398)	5,889,441

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:

During 2016, the Fund paid \$215,872 in interest expense, including \$266 to affiliates.

For purposes of reporting the Statement of Cash Flows, the Fund considers all cash accounts that are not subject to withdrawal restrictions or penalties to be cash.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

FOR THE PERIODS INDICATED

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 (in US\$)	For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 (in US\$)	For the Year Ended December 31, 2014 (in US\$)	For the Year Ended December 31, 2013 (in US\$)	For the Year Ended December 31, 2012 (in US\$)
For a share outstanding throughout each year:					_
Net asset value, beginning of period	17.55	19.39	17.28	15.47	12.75
Net investment income (loss)	(0.02)	0.10	0.14	0.10	0.08
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(0.30)	(0.97)	2.10	1.84	2.74
Total from investment operations	(0.32)	(0.87)	2.24	1.94	2.82
Dividends from net investment income	_	(0.34)	(0.13)	(0.13)	(0.10)
Distributions from net realized gains	(0.34)	(0.63)	·		
Total distributions	(0.34)	(0.97)	(0.13)	(0.13)	(0.10)
Net asset value, end of period	16.89	17.55	19.39	17.28	15.47
Market value, end of period	15.58	15.32	16.91	15.16	14.00
Total Investment Return					
Per share market value *	3.8%	(3.6)	% 12.5%	% 9.2%	28.2%
RATIOS/SUPPLEMENTAL DATA					
Net assets, end of period	108,873,161	113,187,369	125,022,307	111,435,597	99,728,043
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets	2.49%				
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets,					
excluding interest expense	2.29%	% 1.86°	% 1.94°	% 2.05%	2.04%
Ratio of total expenses to average net assets,					
without waivers and reimbursements	2.57%	% 2.05°	% 2.16%	/ ₀ 2.28%	2.12%
Ratio of total expenses to average net assets,					
without waivers and reimbursements, excluding	0.270	, , ,	4.000	, 0.070	0.0707
interest expense	2.37%	% 1.91°	% 1.96°	% 2.07%	2.04%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets	(0.12)	% 0.51%	% 0.82%	% 0.61%	0.54%
Portfolio turnover rate	29.0%				
Number of shares outstanding at end of period	29.07	100.0	00.7	00.076	05.070
(In thousands)	6,448	6,448	6,448	6,448	6,448

^{*} The total investment return excludes the effect of commissions. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for the purpose of this calculation to be reinvested at prices obtained under the Fund's dividend reinvestment plan or if specified in accordance with the terms of the distribution.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

AT DECEMBER 31, 2016

1. Organization and Capital

JPMorgan China Region Fund, Inc. (the 'Fund') was incorporated in the State of Maryland on May 22, 1992, and is registered as a non-diversified, closed-end management investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940 ('1940 Act'). The Fund commenced operations on July 16, 1992.

The Fund seeks to achieve long-term capital appreciation through investments primarily in equity securities of companies with substantial assets in, or revenues derived from, the People's Republic of China ('China'), Hong Kong, Taiwan and Macau — collectively, the 'China Region'.

On December 30, 2016, the Fund announced that the Board of Directors (the "Board") had determined to submit a proposal to liquidate the Fund (the "Proposal"). On February 16, 2017, the Fund announced that the Board had determined to submit the Proposal to a vote of all stockholders at the Fund's next Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which is scheduled to be held on May 11, 2017. If stockholders vote to approve the Proposal, proceeds will be paid to stockholders pursuant to a plan of liquidation. Stockholders should note that any proceeds attributable to the Fund's investments in China A-shares may be repatriated under certain conditions including clearance from the People's Republic of China tax authorities and upon the approval of the Chinese State Administration of Foreign Exchange. Further details can be found on page 26 under Note 7. iii) Direct Investments in China A securities.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The following significant accounting policies, which are in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ('GAAP'), are consistently followed by the Fund in the preparation of its financial statements.

The Fund is an investment company and, accordingly, follows the investment company accounting and reporting guidance of the Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 946 — Investment Companies, which is part of GAAP.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of increases and decreases in net assets from operations during the reported period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

i) Security Valuation — The valuation of investments is in accordance with GAAP and the Fund's valuation policies set forth by and under the supervision and responsibility of the Board of Directors (the "Board"), which established the following approach to valuation, as described more fully below.

All securities for which market quotations are readily available are valued at the last sales price prior to the time of determination or, if no sales price is available at that time, at the mean between the last current bid and ask prices. Securities that are traded over-the-counter are valued, if bid and ask quotations are available, at the mean between the current bid and ask prices. Certain investments of the Fund may, depending upon market conditions, trade in relatively thin markets and/or in markets that experience significant volatility. As a result of these conditions, the prices used by the Fund to value securities may differ from the value that would be realized if these securities were sold and the differences could be material. All other securities and assets are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors. It is possible that the estimated values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market for the investments existed, and such differences could be material. In valuing the Fund's assets, quotations of foreign securities in a foreign currency are translated to United States ('U.S.') dollar equivalents at the prevailing exchange rate in effect on the valuation date. Investments in open ended mutual funds are valued at current day's closing net asset value per share ('NAV').

JF International Management Inc. (the Investment 'Advisor'), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of JPMorgan Chase & Co. ('JPMorgan') has established the Asian Fair Valuation Committee ("AFVC") to assist the Board with the oversight and monitoring of the valuation of the Fund's investments. The Advisor implements the valuation policies for the valuation of

AT DECEMBER 31, 2016 (continued)

investments, as directed by the Board. The AFVC oversees and carries out the policies for the valuation of investments held in the Fund. This includes monitoring the appropriateness of fair values based on results of ongoing valuation oversight, including but not limited to consideration of macro or security specific events, market events and pricing vendor and broker due diligence. The Advisor is responsible for discussing and assessing the potential impacts of the fair values on an ongoing basis, and at least on a quarterly basis with the AFVC and the Board.

Valuations reflected in this report are as of the report date. As a result, changes in valuation due to market events and/or issuer related events after the report date and prior to issuance of the report are not reflected herein.

The various inputs that are used in determining the fair value of the Fund's investments are summarized into the three broad levels listed below.

- Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical securities
- Level 2 other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.)
- Level 3 significant unobservable inputs (including the Fund's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input, both individually and in the aggregate, that is significant to the fair value measurement. The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities.

The following table represents each valuation input as presented on the Investment Portfolio:

	Level 1 Quoted prices	Level 2 Other significant observable inputs	Level 3 Significant unobservable inputs	Total
Investments in Securities (a)	\$117,949,513	<u>\$—</u>	<u>\$—</u>	\$117,949,513

⁽a) Please refer to the Investment Portfolio for industry specifics of the individual portfolio holdings.

The following is a summary of investments for which significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) were used in determining fair value:

	Balance as of December 31, 2015	Realized gain (loss)	Change in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	Net accretion (amortization)	Purchases ¹		Transfers into Level 3	Transfers out of Level 3	Balance as of December 31, 2016
Investments in Securities			,	,					
Common Stocks — Software Common Stocks — Trading Companies	\$382,353	\$222,639	\$(211,040)	\$—	\$—	\$(393,952)	\$—	\$—	\$—
& Distributors Total	158,172 \$540,525	(22,367) \$200,272	, <u> </u>	<u>-</u> \$ <u>-</u>	<u>=</u> <u>\$</u>	(126,517) \$(520,469)		<u>=</u> \$ <u></u>	<u>=</u> <u>\$—</u>

Purchases include all purchases of securities and securities received in corporate actions.

Transfers between fair value levels are valued utilizing values as of the beginning of the period.

² Sales include all sales of securities, maturities, paydowns and securities tendered in corporate actions.

AT DECEMBER 31, 2016 (continued)

- ii) Foreign Currency Translation The books and records of the Fund are maintained in U.S. dollars. Foreign currency amounts are translated into U.S. dollars at the mid-market price of such currencies against U.S. dollars as follows:
- investments, other assets, and liabilities at the prevailing rates of exchange on the valuation date:
- investment transactions and investment income at the prevailing rates of exchange on the dates of such transactions.

Although the net assets of the Fund are presented at the foreign exchange rates and market values at the close of the period, the Fund does not isolate that portion of the results of operations arising as a result of changes in the foreign exchange rates from the fluctuations arising from changes in the market prices of the securities held. Similarly, the Fund does not isolate the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates from the fluctuations arising from changes in the market prices of securities sold during the period. Accordingly, realized and unrealized foreign currency gains (losses) are included in the reported net unrealized appreciation/depreciation on investments. The Fund does isolate the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates from fluctuations when determining realized gain or loss for sales of fixed income securities.

Unrealized currency gains (losses) resulting from valuing foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities at period-end exchange rates are reflected as a component of accumulated net unrealized gain (loss) on investments, foreign currency holdings, and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies.

iii) Restricted and Illiquid Securities — Certain securities held by the Fund may be subject to legal or contractual restrictions on resale or are illiquid. Restricted securities generally may be resold in transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 (the 'Securities Act'). Illiquid securities are securities which cannot be disposed of promptly (within seven days) and in the usual course of business at approximately its fair value and include, but are not limited to, repurchase agreements maturing in excess of seven days, time deposits with a withdrawal penalty, nonnegotiable instruments and instruments for which no market exists. Disposal of these securities may involve timeconsuming negotiations and expense. Prompt sale at the current valuation may be difficult and could adversely affect the net assets of the Fund.

As of December 31, 2016, the Fund had no investments in restricted securities other than securities sold to the Fund under Rule 144A under the Securities Act, as identified in the Investment Portfolio.

iv) Distribution of Income and Gains — The Fund intends to distribute to stockholders, at least annually, substantially all of its net investment income and expects to distribute annually any net long-term capital gains in excess of net short-term capital losses.

Income and capital gain distributions are determined in accordance with Federal income tax regulations and may differ from those determined in accordance with GAAP.

- v) Other Security transactions are accounted for on trade date. Realized gains and losses on the sale of investment securities are determined on the identified cost basis. Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis. Dividend income, net of foreign taxes withheld, if any, is recorded on the ex-dividend date or when the Fund first learns of the dividend.
- vi) Foreign Taxes The Fund may be subject to foreign taxes on income, gains on investments or currency purchases/ repatriation, a part of which may be recoverable. The Fund will accrue such taxes and recoveries as applicable, based upon its current interpretation of tax rules and regulations that exist in the markets in which it invests.

As described in Note 7.iii, the Fund invests in China A-shares and can also invest in China B-shares, both of which are separately identified in the Investment Portfolio. Following the announcements made on November 14, 2014 by the People's Republic of China ('PRC') Ministry of Finance, State Administration of Taxation and China Securities Regulatory Commission the Fund no longer provides for 10% capital gains tax (CGT) on realized and unrealized gains made in respect of transactions in China A-shares and China B-shares made on or after November 17, 2014.

AT DECEMBER 31, 2016 (continued)

3. Investment Transactions

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Fund made purchases of \$34,540,365 and sales of \$39,198,220 of investment securities other than short-term investments. There were no purchases or sales of U.S. Government securities.

4. Related party, Other Service Provider Transactions and Directors

i) JF International Management Inc. (the Investment 'Advisor'), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of JPMorgan Chase & Co. ('JPMorgan') provides investment advisory services to the Fund under the terms of an investment advisory agreement. The Advisor is paid a fee, computed daily and payable monthly, at the annual rate of 1.00% of the Fund's weekly managed gross assets. Investments in funds on which the Advisor or its affiliates charge a management fee are excluded from the calculation. Additionally, the Advisor has voluntarily agreed to waive its Investment Advisory fee on any cash held when borrowings are drawn under a borrowing facility. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Advisor waived Investment Advisory fees of \$74,394, related to such holdings of cash.

ii) On June 1, 2015, the Fund entered into an agreement with Pristine Advisers ("Pristine"), an entity unaffiliated with the Fund. Under this agreement, Pristine provides certain investor relations and public relations services for the Fund. This agreement was in effect for one year, and was subsequently agreed that from June 1, 2016 the agreement be automatically renewed until either the Fund or Pristine advises the other of its intent to cancel and that the Fund continue to pay Pristine a monthly retainer fee equal to \$2,000 plus certain customary out-of-pocket expenses billed periodically.

The Advisor has agreed to voluntarily reimburse the Fund for one half of the Pristine monthly retainer fees through a waiver of the Investment Advisory fees owed by the Fund to the Advisor. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Advisor waived Investment Advisory fees of \$12,000. Subsequent to December 31, 2016, the Fund cancelled the agreement with Pristine at the end of January 2017.

iii) During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Fund did not pay any brokerage commissions to JPMorgan companies or affiliated brokers/dealers.

iv) Other Service Providers — Pursuant to an Administration Agreement, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. ('JPMCB'), an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of JPMorgan (the 'Administrator'), provides certain services to the Fund. The Fund pays a flat annual fee of \$87,500 per the Administration Agreement. Such amounts are included in Administration fees on the Statement of Operations.

JPMCB also provides portfolio custody and accounting services for the Fund. In consideration of the accounting services, JPMCB receives a fee accrued daily and paid monthly at the annual rate of 0.0025% of the first \$75.0 billion of the average daily net assets of all funds in the JPMorgan Mutual Fund Complex (non-Money Market Funds), 0.002% of the average daily assets of all such funds between \$75.0 billion and \$150.0 billion and 0.0015% of the average daily net assets of all such funds in excess of \$150.0 billion, subject to a minimum annual fee of \$20,000 per fund. The Fund bears its pro rata portion of the total accounting services fee and also pays certain transaction-based charges. The custodian fees are split between safekeeping and transaction charges and vary by market. The amounts paid directly to JPMCB by the Fund for custody and accounting services are included in Custodian and accounting fees on the Statement of Operations.

v) Directors - The Fund pays each of its Directors who is not a director, officer or employee of the Advisor, Administrator or any affiliate thereof, an annual fee of \$24,100, the Audit Committee Chairman \$28,500 and the Chairman \$35,000 plus a \$3,300 attendance fee for each Board meeting, Management Engagement Committee meeting and Audit Committee meeting attended. A per diem allowance of \$2,000 per day, or \$1,000 per half day, is paid to Directors in respect of time spent by Directors on Fund business outside normal Board and Committee meetings. The per diem allowance is subject to Board approval in advance. In addition, the Fund reimburses all Directors for travel and out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with Board of Directors meetings. Under normal circumstances, in order to minimize expenses, the Board expects to hold two meetings a year by telephone.

AT DECEMBER 31, 2016 (continued)

vi) As of December 31 2016, the Fund had three shareholders, each holding more than 5% of the Fund's outstanding shares, who held in aggregate approximately 65.6% of the Fund's outstanding shares.

5. Capital Share Transactions

The Fund offers an optional Distribution Reinvestment and Cash Purchase Plan (the "Plan") to its shareholders. Pursuant to the Plan, when the Fund declares income or capital gains distributions, the Fund will either issue new shares, or buy existing shares, to reinvest such distributions for shareholders that elect to participate in the Plan. During the years ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Fund did not issue shares under the Plan.

On September 12, 2016, the Board of Directors renewed an authority for the Fund to repurchase up to 644,764 shares (10% of its then issued and outstanding shares) of its common stock in the open market through September 11, 2017. Repurchases can be made only when the Fund's shares are trading at less than NAV and at such times and amounts as it is believed to be in the best interest of the Fund's stockholders. When shares trade at a discount to NAV, any purchase of shares by the Fund has the effect of increasing the NAV of the Fund's remaining shares outstanding. All shares purchased by the Fund are thereafter considered authorized and unissued.

During the years ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Fund did not repurchase any shares under the share repurchase program.

6. Borrowings

On February 25, 2015, the Fund renewed its financing arrangement with Scotiabank (Ireland) Ltd (the 'Lender') which was originally entered into on February 27, 2012 and renewed and amended on February 25, 2013. Under this arrangement, the Lender provides a secured, committed credit facility in the aggregate amount of \$17.5 million to the Fund. No compensating balances are required. The Fund has a flat commitment fee of 0.25% on the aggregate amount, as required under this agreement. On July 10, 2015, the Fund increased its financing arrangement with the Lender to an amount of \$22 million which, subject to the Lender's approval, allows future increases up to \$32 million. The agreement is in place until February 24, 2017. Under the terms of the financing agreement with the Lender, the adjusted asset coverage ratio (as defined in the agreement) may not be less than 4.50 to 1.00 at any time and the net asset value of the Fund may not be less than \$50,000,000 at any time. Under the terms of the agreement, at December 31, 2016, the adjusted asset coverage ratio was 8.26 to 1.00 and the net asset value of the fund was \$108.9 million. At December 31, 2016, the interest rate on outstanding borrowings was 1.59%.

Borrowings outstanding from the secured, committed credit facility and average borrowings from the credit facility for the year ended December 31, 2016, were as follows:

Outstanding	Weighted	Average		
Borrowings at	Average	Interest	Number of	Interest
December 31,	Borrowings	Rate on	Days	Expense on
2016	For Days Drawn Upon	Borrowings	Outstanding	Borrowings
\$15,000,000	\$15,000,000	1.33%	366	\$215,854

The maximum borrowings during the year ended December 31, 2016 were \$15,000,000. Interest expense to non-affiliates on the Statement of Operations includes interest expense on borrowings during the year ended December 31, 2016.

7. Risks and Uncertainties

i) China Region — Investing in securities of 'China Region companies' may include certain risks and considerations not typically associated with investing in U.S. securities. In general, China Region companies are companies organized in the

AT DECEMBER 31, 2016 (continued)

People's Republic of China, the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, the Macau Special Administrative Region or Taiwan (the 'China Region') or for which the principal securities trading market is in the China Region; or companies, regardless of where organized, which have 50% or more of their assets in, or derive 50% or more of their revenues or profits from, the China Region. Such risks include fluctuating currency values and changing local and regional economic, political and social conditions, which may result in greater market volatility. In addition, these securities may not be as liquid as U.S. securities. At December 31, 2016, the Fund had 61.0%, 29.1%, 0.7% and 17.5%, based on net assets, of its total investments invested in China, Hong Kong, Singapore and Taiwan, respectively.

ii) Foreign Transactions — Foreign security and currency transactions may involve certain considerations and risks not typically associated with those of U.S. dollar denominated transactions as a result of, among other factors, the level of governmental supervision and regulation of foreign securities markets and the possibility of political or economic instability.

iii) Direct Investments in China A-share securities — The China Securities Regulatory Commission ('CSRC') may grant qualified foreign institutional investor ('QFII') licenses, which allow foreign investments in A-shares on the Shanghai and Shenzhen Stock Exchanges and certain other securities historically not eligible for investment by non-Chinese investors. Each QFII is authorized to invest in China A-shares only up to a specified quota established by the Chinese State Administration of Foreign Exchange ('SAFE'). JF Asset Management Limited has a QFII license permitting it to invest a specific portion of the assets of certain funds (which may include the Fund) in local Chinese securities. Although the laws of China permit the use of nominee accounts for clients of QFIIs, the Chinese regulators require the general securities trading and settlement accounts to be maintained in the name of the QFII. As the Fund is permitted to invest in China A-shares, the Fund's local custodian bank maintains a specific sub-account for the A-share investments in the name of the Fund. This amount is included in Deposits at broker on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. However, there is a risk that creditors of the QFII and its affiliates (each, a 'JP Morgan Affiliate') may assert that a JP Morgan Affiliate, and not the Fund, has recourse against the securities and other assets in the account and/or sub-accounts. If a court upholds such an assertion, creditors of a JP Morgan Affiliate could seek payment from the Fund's A-share investments. There were no such assertions during any of the periods presented.

Additional risks for the Fund's A-share investments include a potential lack of liquidity, greater price volatility, and restrictions on the repatriation of invested capital. Because of low trading volume and various restrictions on the free flow of capital into the A-share market, the China A-share market could be less liquid and trading prices of A-shares could be more volatile than other local securities markets. In addition, and with reference to the proposed liquidation vote at the stockholders meeting in May 2017, the total proceeds arising from the sale of the Fund's investments in A-shares can be repatriated under certain conditions. These include receiving clearance from the People's Republic of China tax authorities in respect of the tax reporting package that will need to be filed once the liquidation is confirmed. SAFE will also need to approve the repatriation of these proceeds. The timing of the receipt of this clearance and SAFE approval is uncertain. Rules regarding taxation of investments in mainland China may be subject to change and such changes in the taxation of A-shares could materially affect the Fund's performance.

iv) Other – In the normal course of business, the Fund may enter into contracts that provide general indemnifications. The maximum exposure under these arrangements is dependent on future claims that may be made against the Fund and, therefore, cannot be estimated; however, based on experience, the risk of any loss from such claims is considered remote.

8. Tax Status

U.S. Federal Income Taxes – No provision for federal income taxes is required since the Fund intends to continue to qualify as a regulated investment company under subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code and distribute substantially all of its taxable income. Management has reviewed the Fund's tax positions for all open tax years and has determined that as of December 31, 2016, no liability for income tax is required in the Fund's financial statements for net unrecognized tax benefits. However, management's conclusions may be subject to future review based on changes in, or the interpretation of, the accounting standards or tax laws and regulations. The Fund's Federal tax returns for the prior three fiscal years remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

AT DECEMBER 31, 2016 (continued)

The tax character of distributions paid during the year ended December 31, 2016 was as follows:

Ordinary Income*	Net Long Term Capital Gains	Total Distributions Paid
\$—	\$2,221,856	\$2,221,856

Short-term gains are treated as ordinary income for income tax purposes.

The tax character of distributions paid during the year ended December 31, 2015 was as follows:

Ordinary Income*	Net Long Term Capital Gains	Total Distributions Paid
\$3,879,628	\$2,396,631	\$6,276,259

Short-term gains are treated as ordinary income for income tax purposes.

At December 31, 2016, the components of net assets (excluding paid-in capital) on a tax basis were as follows:

Current Distributable Long-Term Capital Gain or (Tax Basis Loss Carryover)	\$ (3,408,360)
Tax Unrealized Appreciation on Investments and Foreign Currencies	_14,801,920
Net Assets (Excluding Paid-In Capital)	\$11,393,560

The cumulative timing differences primarily consist of post-October capital loss deferrals and wash sale loss deferrals.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Fund reclassified \$131,514 to accumulated undistributed (distributions in excess of) net investment income, \$121,158 to accumulated realized gains (losses) on investments and \$252,672 from paid in capital, as a result of permanent book and tax differences primarily relating to foreign currency gains or losses and net operating loss. Net assets were not affected by the reclassifications.

Under the Regulated Investment Company Modernization Act of 2010 (the 'Act'), net capital losses recognized by the Fund after December 31, 2010, are carried forward indefinitely, and retain their character as short-term and/or long-term losses. Prior to the Act, pre-enactment net capital losses incurred by the Fund were carried forward for eight years and treated as short-term losses. The Act requires that post-enactment net capital losses be used before pre-enactment net capital losses.

At December 31, 2016, the Fund had post-enactment net capital loss carryforwards which are available to offset future realized gains:

Capital Loss Carryf	orward Character
 Short-Term	Long-Term
\$3,303,510	\$104,850

Specified ordinary losses and net capital losses and other late year losses incurred after October 31, and within the taxable year are deemed to arise on the first business day of the Fund's next taxable year. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Fund deferred to January 1, 2017, specified ordinary loss of \$14,050, net long-term capital loss of \$1,221,227 and net short-term capital loss of \$88,706.

9. Subsequent Event

On February 24, 2017, the Fund extended its \$22 million secured, committed credit facility with the Lender. Interest on borrowings, if any, will be payable at 0.90% plus the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"). The Fund paid an upfront loan arrangement fee of \$4,400, as required under this agreement. Interest on unutilized amounts will be payable at a flat commitment fee of 0.25%, irrespective of the amount of the utilized commitment. This agreement is in effect until the earlier of: 1) July 31, 2017 or 2) 60 days following an affirmative liquidation vote.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of JPMorgan China Region Fund, Inc.:

In our opinion, the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the investment portfolio, and the related statements of operations, of changes in net assets and of cash flows and the financial highlights present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of JPMorgan China Region Fund, Inc. (the "Fund") as of December 31, 2016, the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements and financial highlights (hereafter referred to as "financial statements") are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these financial statements in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits, which included confirmation of securities as of December 31, 2016 by correspondence with the custodian and brokers, provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements, on February 16, 2017, the Fund announced that the Board of Directors has determined to submit a proposal to liquidate the Fund to a vote of all stockholders at the Fund's next Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which is scheduled to be held on May 11, 2017.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP New York, New York February 27, 2017

RESULTS OF THE ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING (Unaudited)

The Fund held its annual stockholders' meeting on July 20, 2016. At this meeting, stockholders elected Mr. John R. Hass and Mr. Alistair E.M. Laband to the Fund's Board of Directors, the results of which are set out below. Also below are the results of the vote on the termination of the advisory agreement and the recommendation of tender.

I) Election of Directors

Nominee	Votes For	Votes Against	Votes Withheld	Shares Not Voted	Total Voting Shares
Mr. John R. Hass	4,658,869		793,318	995,450	6,447,637
Mr. Alistair E.M. Laband	4,658,941	_	793,246	995,450	6,447,637

II) Termination of Advisory Agreement

Votes For	Votes Against	Votes Withheld	Voted	Total Voting Shares
748,682	4,462,875	23,646	1,212,434	6,447,637

III) Recommendation of Tender Offer

Votes For	Votes Against	Votes Withheld	Shares Not Voted	Total Voting Shares
1,032,137	4,180,838	15,316	1,219,346	6,447,637

OTHER INFORMATION

Fundamental Investment Restriction on Borrowing

On May 12, 2011, shareholders of the Fund approved a change to the Fund's fundamental investment restrictions to permit, inter alia, the Fund to borrow up to 20% of its net assets for investment purposes.

This gives the Investment Advisor flexibility to take advantage of additional investment opportunities when it believes that the return from the additional investment would exceed the cost of borrowing. If the Fund borrows money, it may be exposed to additional risks. If the return on securities purchased with borrowed funds is less than the borrowing costs of those funds, then the use of borrowing will detract from Fund performance. In particular, borrowing will magnify losses in times of negative performance. Nonetheless, the Investment Advisor may maintain leverage if it expects that the long-term benefits to investors of maintaining leverage outweigh any current reduced return. Borrowing may also increase the Fund's interest and other expenses. Finally, the use of borrowing would subject the Fund to additional restrictions imposed by lenders and the Investment Company Act of 1940 on the Fund's investments.

The Investment Advisor will utilize borrowed monies at its discretion and under the supervision of the Board. The Investment Advisor has agreed to waive any entitlement to a management fee on any cash held when borrowings are drawn under a borrowing facility.

The entire text of the Fund's fundamental investment restriction on borrowing is as follows:

"Under its fundamental investment restrictions, the Fund may not: Issue senior securities, borrow or pledge its assets, except that the Fund may (i) borrow from a bank for the purpose of obtaining amounts necessary to make distributions for qualification as a registered investment company to avoid imposition of an excise tax under United States tax law; and (ii) borrow money (including through reverse repurchase agreements) up to the maximum amount permitted under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (a) for temporary or emergency purposes, (b) for such short-term credits as may be necessary for the clearance or settlement of transactions, (c) for repurchases of its Common Stock and (d) for investment purposes, provided that amounts borrowed under this clause shall not exceed 20%

OTHER INFORMATION (Unaudited) (continued)

on the net assets of the Fund. The Fund may also pledge its assets to secure such borrowings. Notwithstanding the above, initial and variation margin in respect of futures contracts and options thereon and any collateral arrangement in respect of options on securities or indexes will not be prohibited by this paragraph 3 or any other investment restrictions."

Information About Portfolio Holdings

The Fund files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the 'Commission') for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-Q. The Fund's Forms N-Q are available on the Commission's website at http://www.sec.gov and may be reviewed and copied at the Commission's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC. Information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling 1-800-SEC-0330. The Fund's Forms N-Q are also available on the Fund's website at www.jpmchinaregionfund.com.

Tax Letter (Unaudited)

We are providing this information as required by the Internal Revenue Code. The amounts shown may differ from those elsewhere in this report because of differences between tax and financial reporting requirements. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, the Fund distributed \$2,221,856 of long-term capital gain dividends.

Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures and Proxy **Voting Record**

A description of the policies and procedures that are used by the Fund's investment advisor to vote proxies relating to the Fund's portfolio securities is available (1) without charge, upon request, by calling +44 20 7742 3735; and (2) as an exhibit to the Fund's annual report on Form N-CSR which is available on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the 'Commission') at http://www.sec.gov. Information regarding how the investment advisor votes these proxies is now available by calling the same number and on the Commission's website. The Fund has filed its report on Form N-PX covering the Fund's proxy voting record for the 12 month period ended June 30, 2016.

Certifications

Simon J. Crinage, as the Fund's President, has certified to the New York Stock Exchange that, as of August 19, 2016, he was not aware of any violation by the Fund of applicable NYSE corporate governance listing standards. The Fund's reports to the Commission on Forms N-CSR and N-CSRS contain certifications by the Fund's principal executive officer and principal financial officer that relate to the Fund's disclosure in such reports and that are required by Rule 30a-2(a) under the 1940 Act.

APPROVAL OF INVESTMENT ADVISORY CONTRACT (Unaudited)

On November 8, 2016, the Fund's Board considered and approved the renewal of the Investment Advisory Agreement (the 'Agreement') between the Fund and JFIMI for an additional term of twelve (12) months. At this meeting, the directors reviewed extensive materials prepared by JFIMI and discussed these materials with representatives of JFIMI. The directors considered the recommendation of the Management Engagement Committee (the 'Committee') that the Agreement be renewed, noting that the Committee had discussed, in an executive session with independent counsel, the nature, extent and quality of the advisory services provided to the Fund by JFIMI, the level of advisory fees, the costs of the services provided and the profits realized by JFIMI, the Fund's expense ratio, its relative and absolute performance, any economies of scale with respect to the management of the Fund, any ancillary benefits received by JFIMI and its affiliates as a result of their relationship with the Fund, and various other matters included in the materials provided by JFIMI.

In approving the renewal of the Agreement, the Committee, and the Board, concluded that:

- The annual investment advisory fee rate paid by the Fund to JFIMI for investment advisory services was reasonable relative to the Fund's peer group and relative to other China Region funds managed by JFIMI.
- The Committee and the Board were generally satisfied with the nature, quality and extent of other services provided by JFIMI. In reaching this conclusion, the Committee and the Board reviewed, among other things, JFIMI's investment experience in the China region markets and the background and experience of JFIMI's senior management. They further evaluated the structure and size of JFIMI's management team serving the Fund and noted the team's responsiveness to the Board.
- The Fund's performance in the five (5), three (3) and, one (1) year periods had outperformed its benchmark, the 80% MSCI Golden Dragon Index (net) and 20% CSI 300 Index (net). (The Board and the Committee reviewed the Fund's performance in comparison to the peer group and the benchmark for the 1 year, 3 year, 5 year and since inception periods.)
- In light of the costs of providing advisory services to the Fund, the profits and ancillary benefits that JFIMI received, with respect to providing investment advisory services to the Fund, were reasonable. The Board and the Committee noted that beginning in May 2005, the Fund discontinued using JFIMI's affiliates to effect Fund securities trades, unless in exceptional circumstances, effectively eliminating brokerage commissions as an ancillary benefit for JFIMI.
- The Fund's expense ratio remained at an acceptable level excluding extraordinary expenses.

FUND MANAGEMENT (Unaudited)

Information pertaining to the Directors and officers of the Fund is set forth below.

Name, (YOB), Address and Position(s) with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Director*	Other Trusteeships/ Directorships Held by Director
Independent Directors				
The Rt. Hon. The Earl of Cromer (1946) 60 Victoria Embankment London EC4Y OJP United Kingdom Chairman and Class I Director	Three year term ends in 2018; Chairman and Director since 1994.	Chairman of the Board of the Fund; Chairman of the Board, Western Provident Association (insurance), LG India Plus Fund Ltd (financial), Pedder Street Asia Absolute Return Fund Limited (financial); LG Asia Plus Fund Limited (financial); Director, Cheetah Korea Value Fund Ltd (financial) and Chief Executive Officer, Cromer Associates Limited (family business).	1	See Principal Occupation.
John R. Hass (1961) 1 Beacon Street Boston, MA 02108 USA Class II Director	Three year term ends in 2019; Director since July 20, 2016	Partner at RRE Ventures (financial); Director of the Cheetah Korea Value Fund (financial); and Board member of the Tory Burch Foundation.	1	See Principal Occupation.
Alistair E.M. Laband (1952) Flat 41, 20 th floor Po Shan Mansions Block B 10-12 Po Shan Road Mid-levels Hong Kong Class II Director	Three year term ends in 2019; Director since July 20, 2016	Director of Tom Lee Music Company (retail) and China Nepstar Chain Drugstore Limited (retail) (retired August 2016)	1	Director of the trustee of Rosebud Charitable Trust (charity).
Julian M. I. Reid (1944) 60 Victoria Embankment London EC4Y OJP United Kingdom Class III Director	Three year term ends in 2017; Director since 1998.	Chief Executive Officer of 3a Funds Group (financial); Director and Chairman of Morgan's Walk Properties Limited (property); Director and Chairman of The Korea Fund, Inc. (financial); Director and Chairman of Prosperity Voskhod Fund (financial); Director and Chairman of ASA Limited (financial) and Director of J M Properties Limited (property).	1	See Principal Occupation.

FUND MANAGEMENT (Unaudited) (continued)

Name, (YOB), Address and Position(s) with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Director*	Other Trusteeships/ Directorships Held by Director
Interested Director & Pres	sident of the F	und		
Simon J. Crinage (1965) 60 Victoria Embankment London, EC4Y OJP United Kingdom Class I Director and President	Three year term ends in 2018; Director since 2009 & President since 2003**	Managing Director, J.P. Morgan.	1	Director of The Association of Investment Companies Limited and JF International Management Inc.

^{*} The Fund is the only fund in the Fund Complex.

** The officers of the Fund serve at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

FUND MANAGEMENT (Unaudited) (continued)

Information pertaining to the officers of the Fund is set forth below.

Name, (YOB), Address and Position(s) with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years
Officers who are not Directors		
Neil S. Martin (1971) 60 Victoria Embankment London EC4Y OJP United Kingdom	Since 2014**	Chief Operating Officer and Treasurer of the Fund; Executive Director, J.P. Morgan.
Lucy J. Dina (1977) 60 Victoria Embankment London EC4Y OJP United Kingdom Secretary	Since 2013**	Secretary of the Fund; Vice President, J.P. Morgan.
Steve M. Ungerman (1953) 270 Park Avenue New York Chief Compliance Officer	Since 2014**	Chief Compliance Officer of the Fund; Managing Director, J.P. Morgan Chase Bank NA.

^{**} The officers of the Fund serve at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT AND CASH PURCHASE PLAN (Unaudited)

The Fund operates an optional Dividend Reinvestment and Cash Purchase Plan (the 'Plan') whereby:

- a) shareholders may elect to receive dividend and capital gain distributions in the form of additional shares of the Fund (the Share Distribution Plan).
- b) shareholders may make optional payments (any amount between \$100 and \$3,000) which will be used to purchase additional shares in the open market (the Share Purchase Plan).

For a copy of the Plan brochure, as well as a dividend reinvestment authorization card, please contact the Plan Agent:

Computershare Trust Company, N.A. P. O. Box 30170 College Station, TX 77842-3170 USA Telephone No.: 800-426-5523 (toll-free) www.computershare.com

The following should be noted with respect to the Plan:

If you participate in the Share Distribution Plan, whenever the Board of Directors of the Fund declares an income dividend or net capital gain distribution, you will automatically receive your distribution in newly issued shares (cash will be paid in lieu of fractional shares) if the market price of the shares on the date of the distribution is at or above the net asset value of the shares. The number of shares to be issued to you by the Fund will be determined by dividing the amount of the cash distribution to which you are entitled (net of any applicable withholding taxes) by the greater of the net asset value ('NAV') per share on such date or 95% of the market price of a share on such date. If the market price of the shares on such a distribution date is below the NAV, the Plan Agent will, as agent for the participants, buy shares on the open market, on the New York Stock Exchange or elsewhere, for the participant's account on, or after, the payment date. There is no service charge for purchases under this Plan.

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, shareholders receiving newly issued shares pursuant to the Share Distribution Plan will be treated as receiving income or capital gains in an amount equal to the fair market value (determined as of the distribution date) of the shares received and will have a cost basis equal to such fair market value. Shareholders receiving a distribution in the form of shares purchased in the open market pursuant to the Plan will be treated as receiving a distribution of the cash distribution that such shareholder would have received had the shareholder not elected to have such distribution reinvested and will have a cost basis in such shares equal to the amount of the distribution.

There will be no brokerage charge to participants for shares issued directly by the Fund under the Plan. Each participant will pay a pro rata share of brokerage commissions incurred with respect to the Plan Agent's open market purchases of shares in connection with the Plan. The Fund will pay the fees of the Plan Agent for handling the Plan.

You may terminate your account under the Share Distribution Plan by notifying the Plan Agent in writing. The Plan may be terminated by the Plan Agent or the Fund with notice to you at least 30 days prior to any record date for the payment of any distribution by the Fund. Upon any termination, the Plan Agent will deliver a certificate or certificates for the full shares held for you under the Plan and a cash adjustment for any fractional shares.

You also have the option of instructing the Plan Agent to make semi-annual cash purchases of shares in the open market. There is a service charge of \$1.25 for each purchase under this Share Purchase Plan.

DIRECTORS AND ADMINISTRATION

(Unaudited)

Officers and Directors The Rt. Hon. The Earl of Cromer —

Director and Chairman of the Board and Management Engagement Committee Simon J. Crinage — Director and President

John R. Hass — Director

Alistair E.M. Laband — Director and Chairman

of the Audit Committee Julian M. I. Reid — Director

Neil S. Martin — Chief Operating Officer and

Treasurer

Lucy J. Dina — Secretary

Steve M. Ungerman — Chief Compliance Officer

Investment Advisor JF International Management Inc.

> P.O. Box 3151 Road Town, Tortola British Virgin Islands

Administrator JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.

1 Beacon Street, 18th Floor Boston, Massachusetts 02108

U.S.A.

Custodian JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A.

1 Beacon Street, 18th Floor Boston, Massachusetts 02108

U.S.A.

Independent Registered Public

Accounting Firm

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

300 Madison Avenue New York, New York 10017

U.S.A.

Legal Counsel Dechert LLP

New York:

1095 Avenue of the Americas New York, New York 10036

U.S.A.

Hong Kong:

27/F Henley Building 5 Queens Road Central

Hong Kong

Registrar, Transfer Agent, and

Dividend Paying Agent

Computershare Trust Company, N.A.

P. O. Box 30170

College Station, TX 77842-3170

U.S.A.

Notice is hereby given in accordance with Section 23(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, that from time to time the Fund may purchase shares of its common stock in the open market.

www.jpmchinaregionfund.com



This report, including the financial statements herein, is sent to the stockholders of the Fund for their information. It is not a prospectus, circular or representation intended for use in the purchase or sale of shares of the Fund or of any securities mentioned in this report.